

즐거로운 1년차 생활

소아심장편

Sang On Lee,
Division of Cardiovascular Surgery, Department of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery,
Severance Cardiovascular Hospital,
Yonsei University College of Medicine

Severance

슬기로운 1년차 생활

- 슬기?
- Wisdom, wits
- 사리를 바르게 판단하고 일을 잘 처리해 내는 재능

나의 전공의 생활

- 슬기롭지 않음...
- 후회되는 점
- Professional
 - 세 살 버릇 여든까지 간다
- Personal
 - 시간 금방 간다

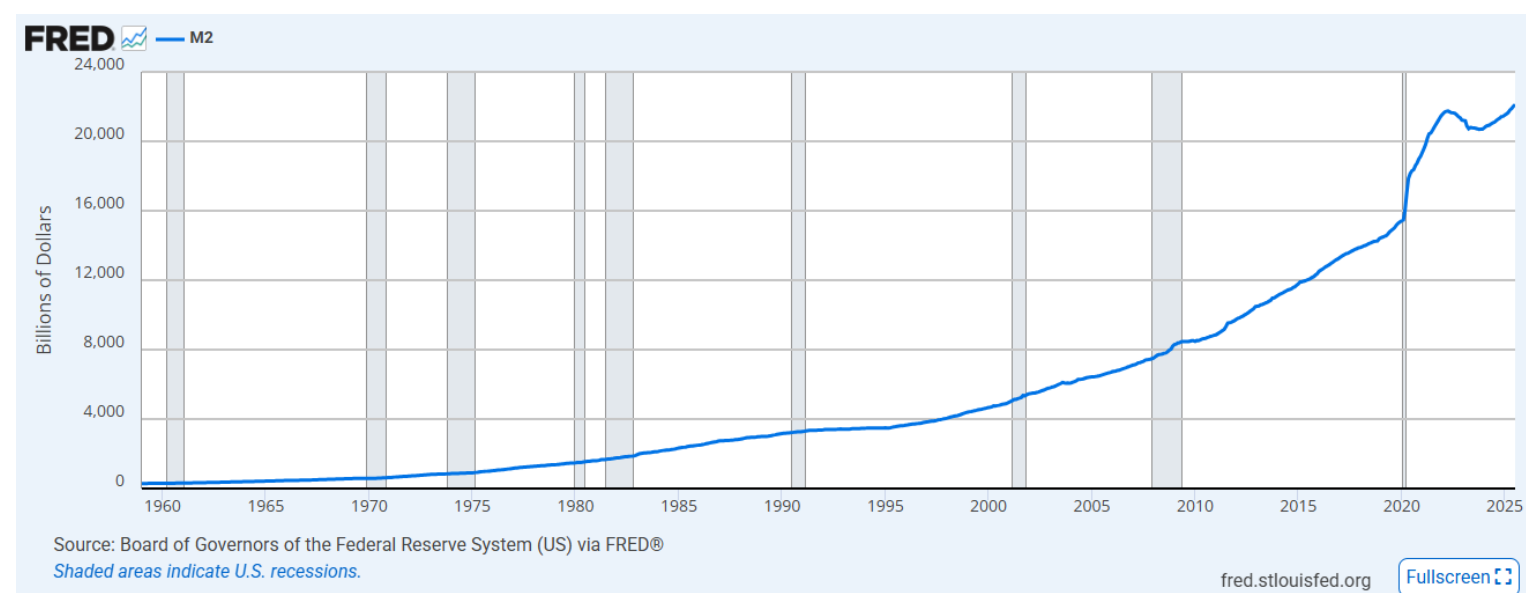
Professional

- 진료
 - Surgical skill, patient care
- 연구
 - 논문
- 인성
 - 사회성
- 1년차 때부터... (버릇, 평가)

Personal

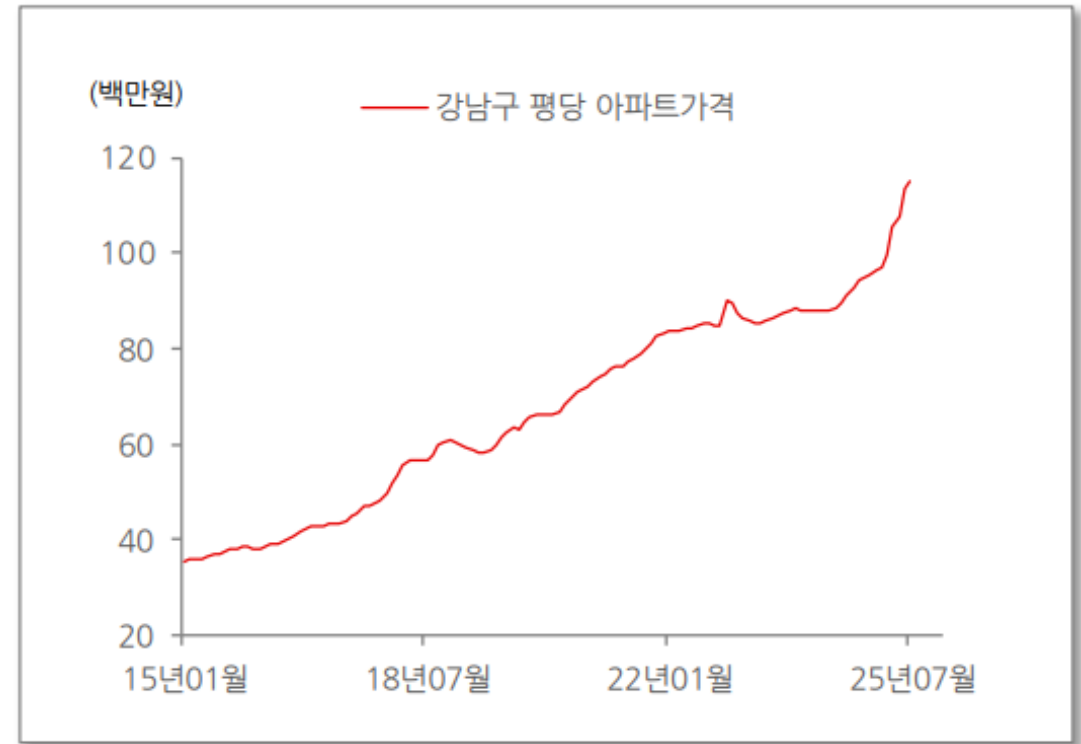
- 자기관리
- 신체
- 연애, 결혼
- 투자

Inflation



Inflation

- 노동소득 (월급) ↓
- 식비?
- 서울 아파트?



자료: KB국민은행, BNK투자증권

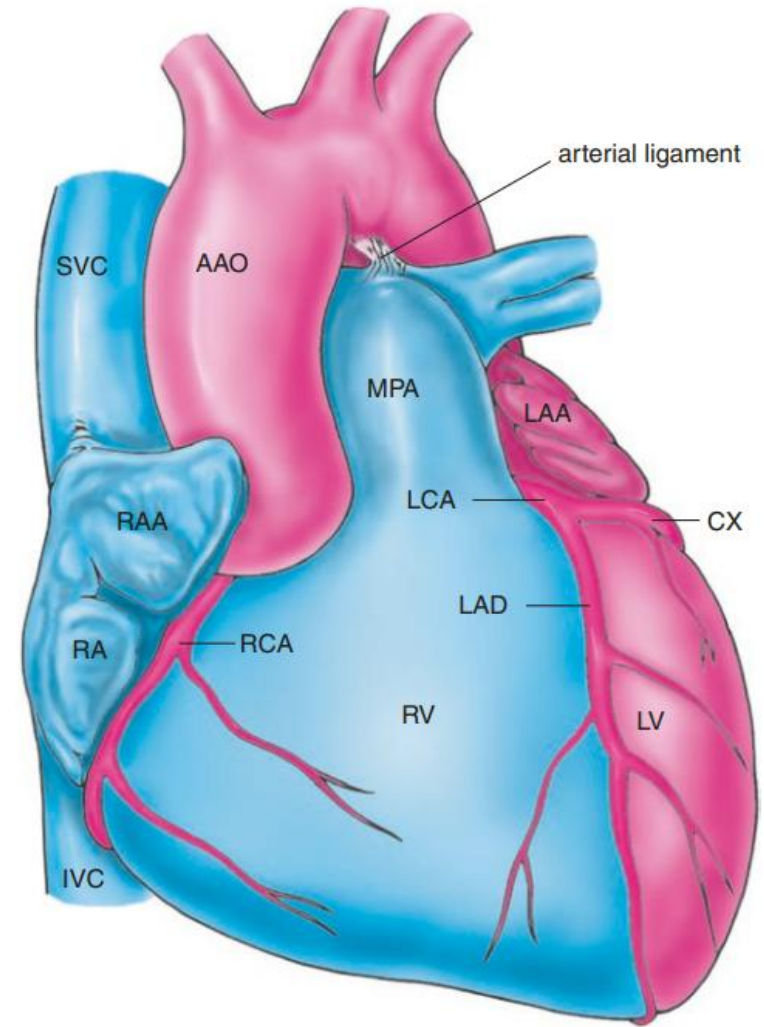
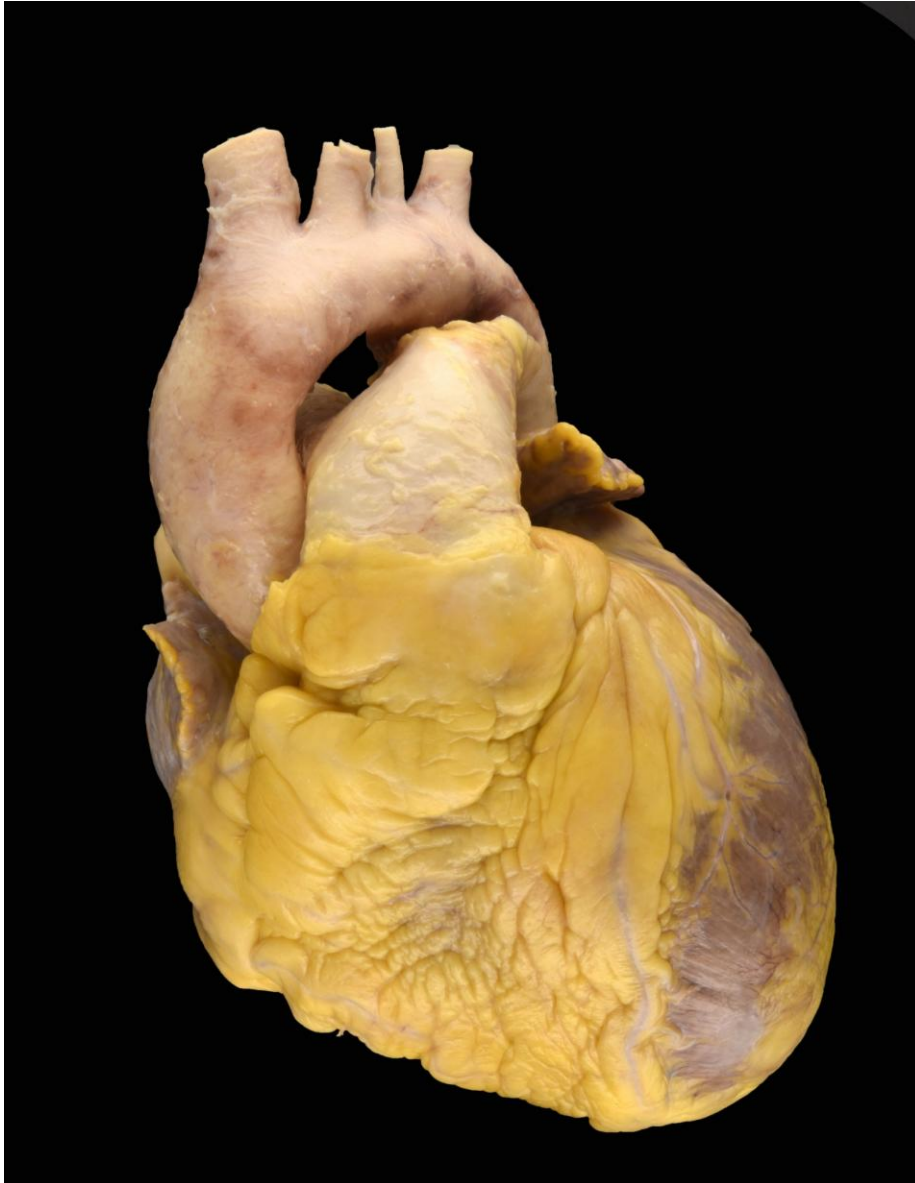
Asset

- 자산 = 경제적 가치의 원천
- 부동산
- 주식 (기업)
- 원자재 (금)
- 채권
- *예적금, 암호화폐*
- 부자 X → 최소한의 물가 방어 (구매력 유지)
- 잉여소득 → 노후보장
- 시간!, 경제적 자유

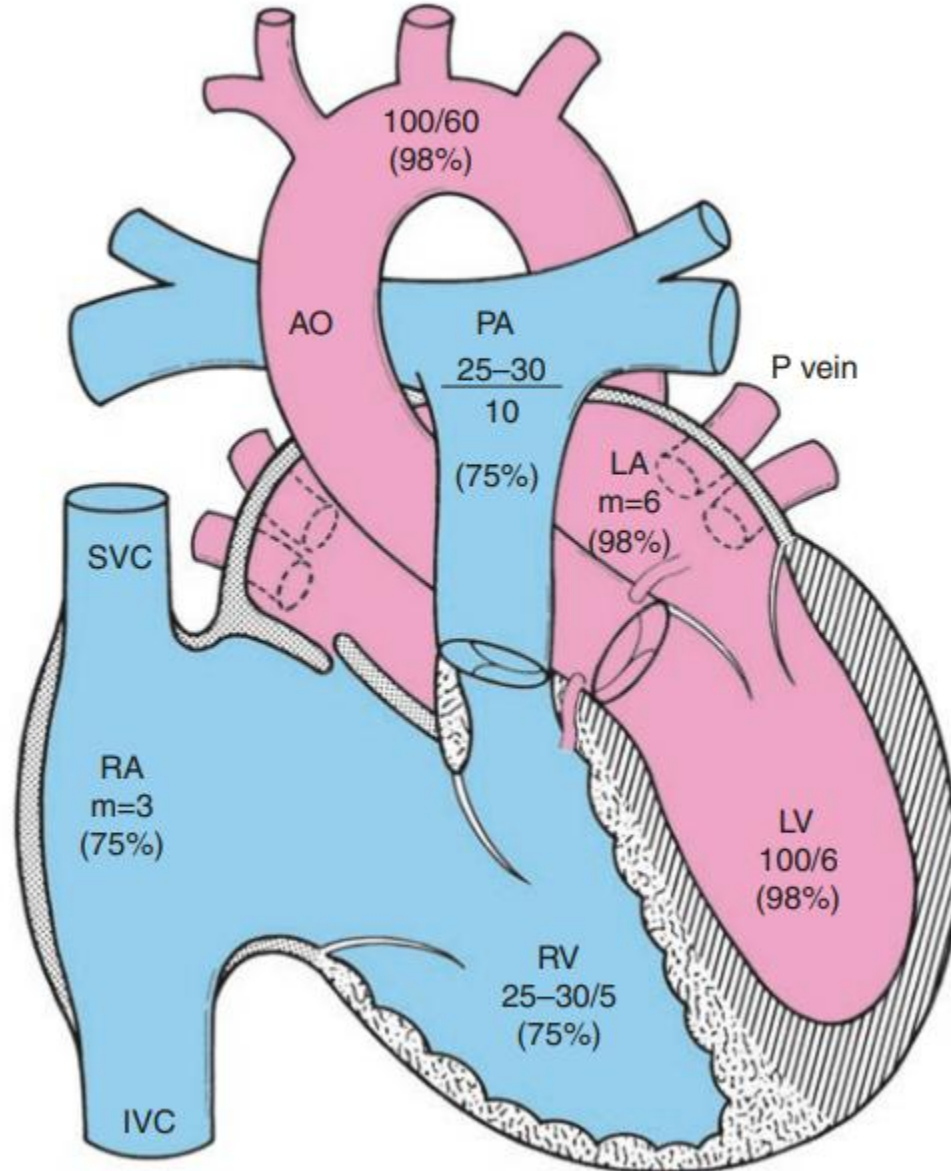
Investment

- High risk, high return
- No risk, no reward
- 당신의 소중한 시간 (젊음과 생명) → 돈
- 다양한 자산에 분산 투자 (적립식)
- 적절한 대출 (leverage)
- 잘 모르겠으면...
 - 미국 S&P 500 ETF + 서울 아파트 ...

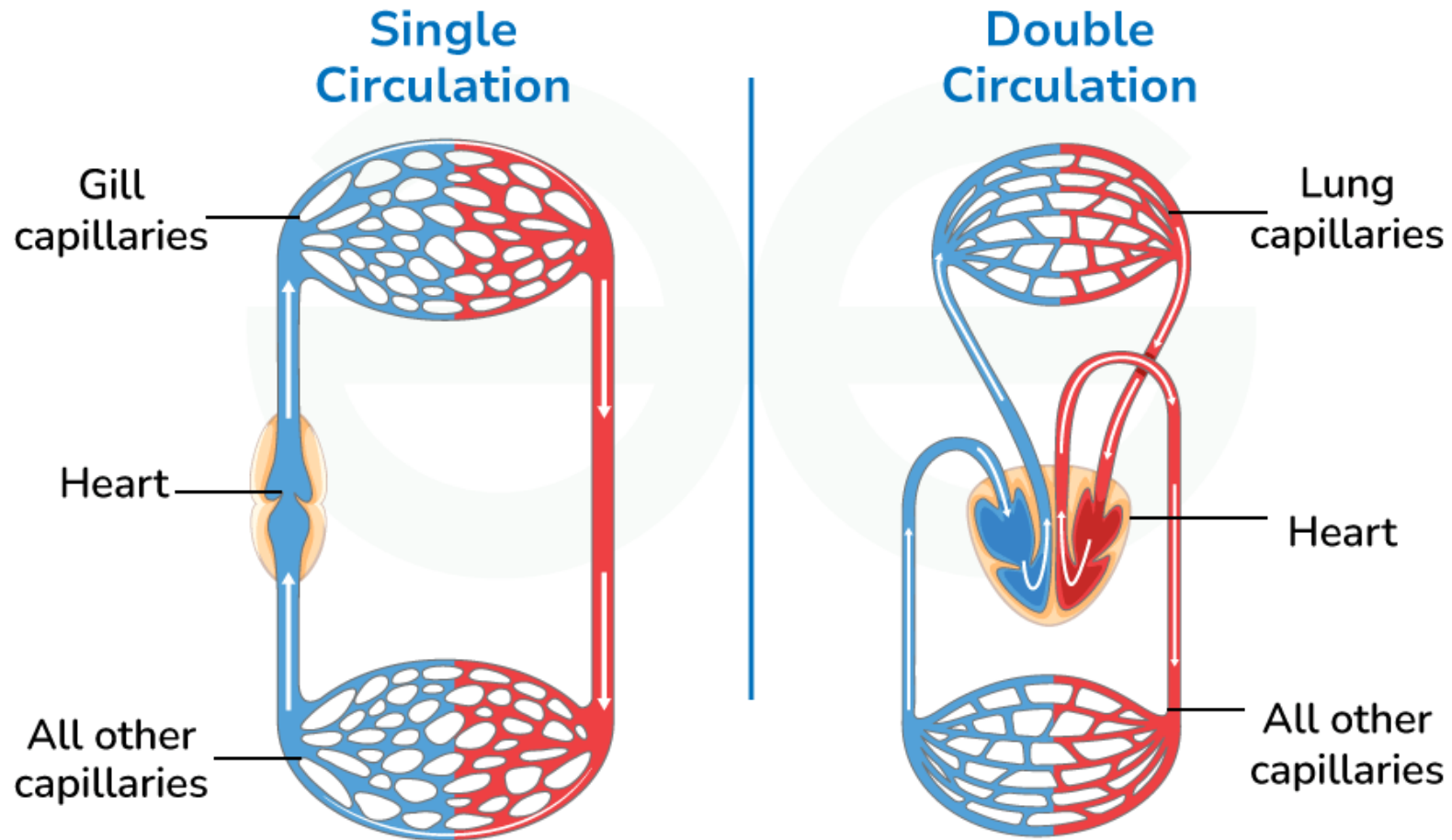
Heart?



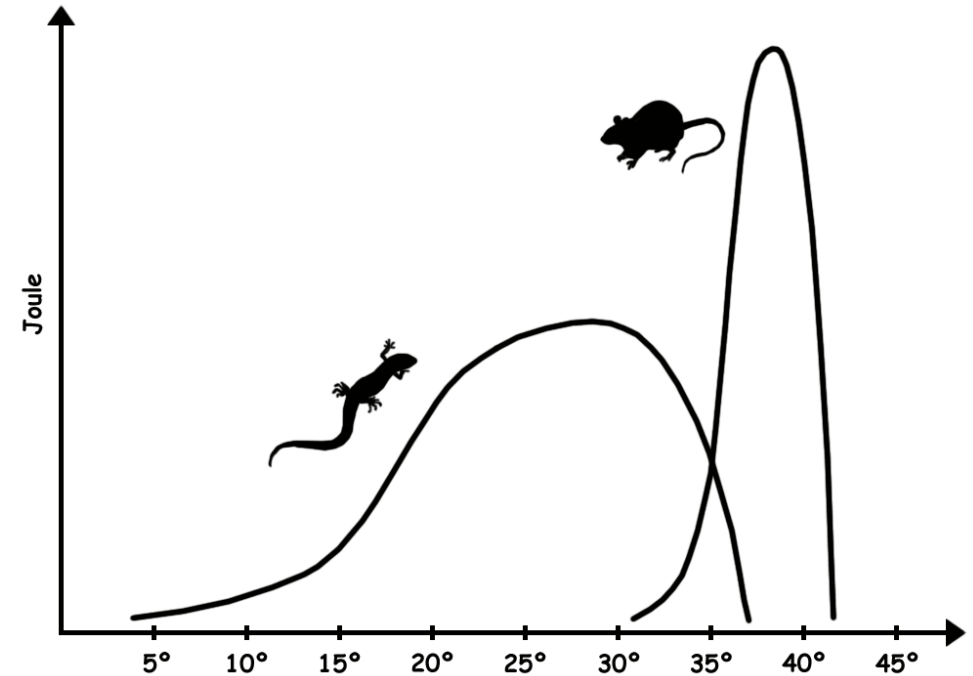
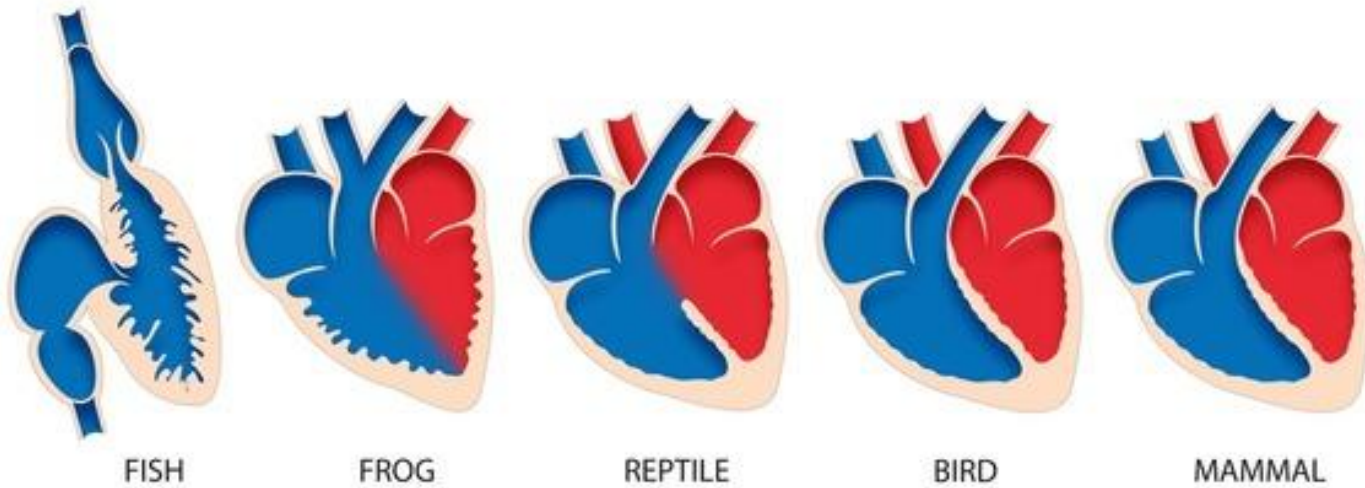
Heart?



Double Circulation



Separated Double Circulation



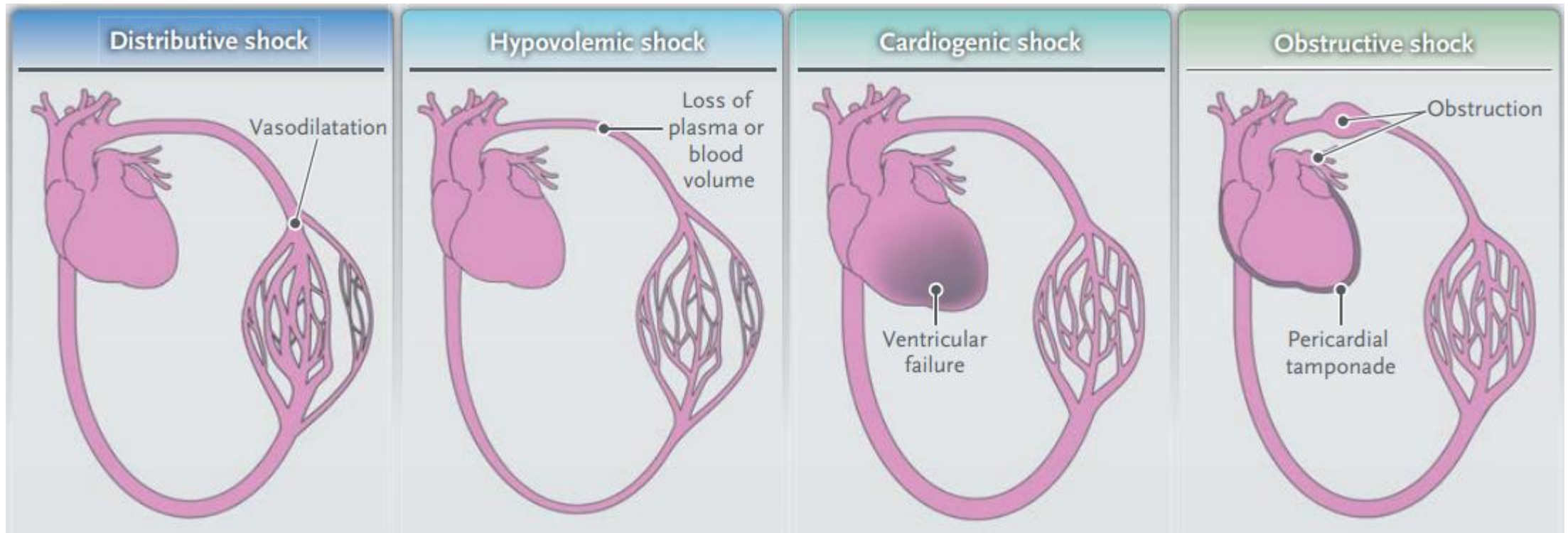
- Efficiency → higher metabolic rate (warm-blooded)

Circulatory System

- Function?
- Waste removal
- Hormone distribution
- Thermoregulation
- Tissue oxygenation

Circulatory System

- Tissue oxygenation $\propto$ circulatory shock



Pathology

- Congenital heart defects
 - Causes?
- Defect → shunt
- Pressure difference
 - Pulmonary circulation
 - Low-pressure system → to avoid lung damage
 - Less muscular walls, high capillary area
 - Systemic circulation
 - High-pressure system → gravity, high volume, long distance
 - Blood distribution with smooth muscle (resistant)

Pathology

- Left-to-right (L-R) shunt
- Atrial septal defects (ASD)
- Ventricular septal defects (VSD)
- Patent ductus arteriosus (PDA)
 - Aorta-pulmonary artery
- *Patent foramen ovale (PFO)*

● Left-to-right Shunt

● Pulmonary

- Pulmonary vascular remodeling
 - Pathologic thickening and structural alteration of arterial walls
- Pulmonary vascular disease
- Pulmonary hypertension
- Eisenmenger syndrome: pulmonary vascular resistance $>$ systemic (R-L)
- Right heart failure

● Cardiac

- Volume overload
- Heart failure

● Right-to-left Shunt

- Shunt + right-side pressure > left-side
- Pulmonary stenosis
- Eisenmenger syndrome
- *Intrapulmonary: atelectasis, pneumonia, AV malformations*
- Cyanosis, hypoxia → organ damage

Cardiac Output

- Cardiac output !!!
 - Perfusion
 - Oxygen delivery
 - Adaption
 - Failure
- *Cardiac output = blood pressure / systemic vascular resistance*

Derived Variables

The goal is to provide enough oxygen delivery to satisfy tissues' demands

1

Oxygen is transported in the blood mainly by Hb

$$CaO_2 = \underbrace{(Hb \times 1.39 \times SaO_2)}_{\text{Oxygen bound to Hb}} + \underbrace{0.003_{(mmHg)} \times PaO_2}_{\text{Oxygen Dissolved}}$$

2

Oxygen in the blood is transported to the tissues by CO

$$DO_2 = CaO_2 \times CO$$

3

Oxygen Consumption

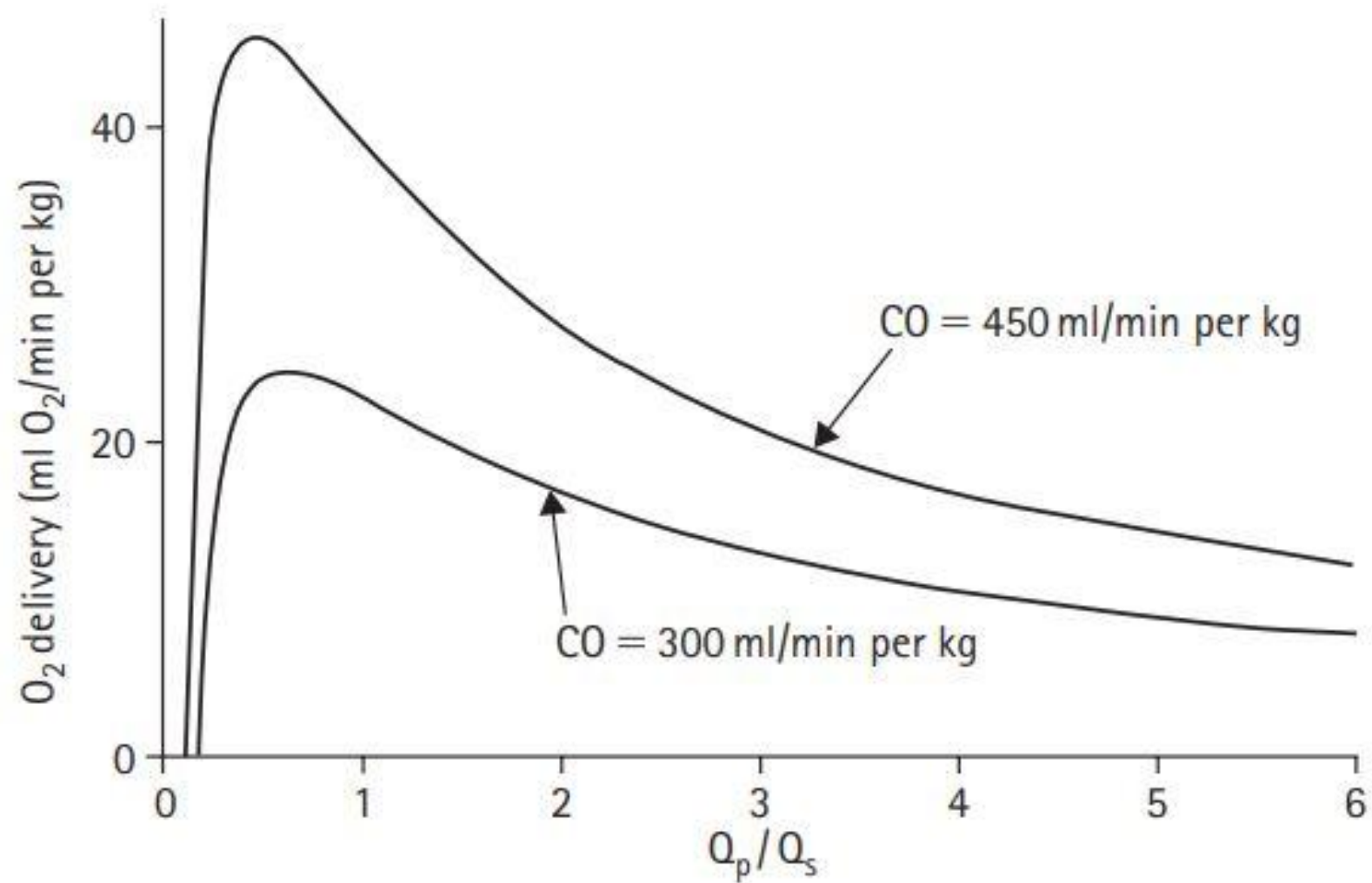
$$VO_2 = (CaO_2 - CvO_2) \times CO$$

$$Q_p = \frac{VO_2}{C_{pv}O_2 - C_{pa}O_2}$$

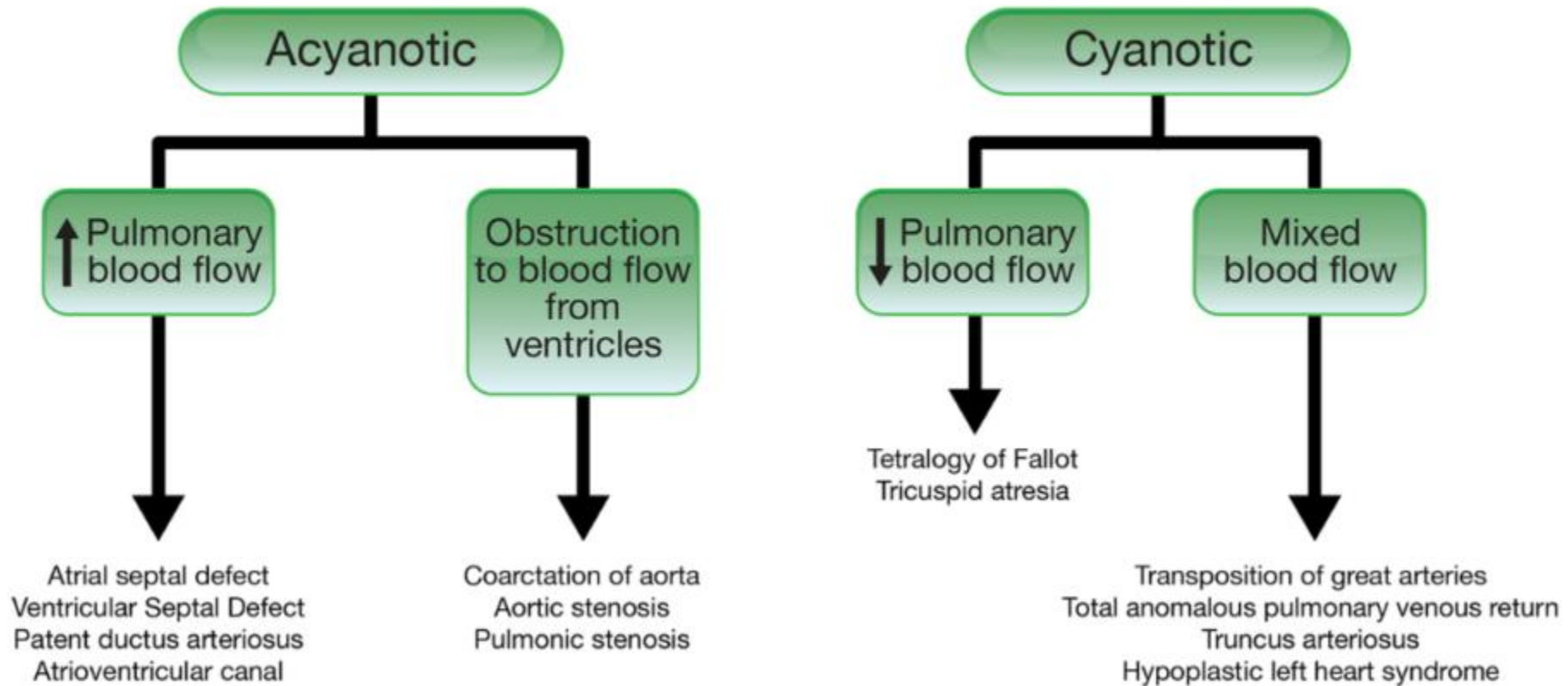
$$Q_s = \frac{VO_2}{C_{ao}O_2 - C_{mv}O_2}$$

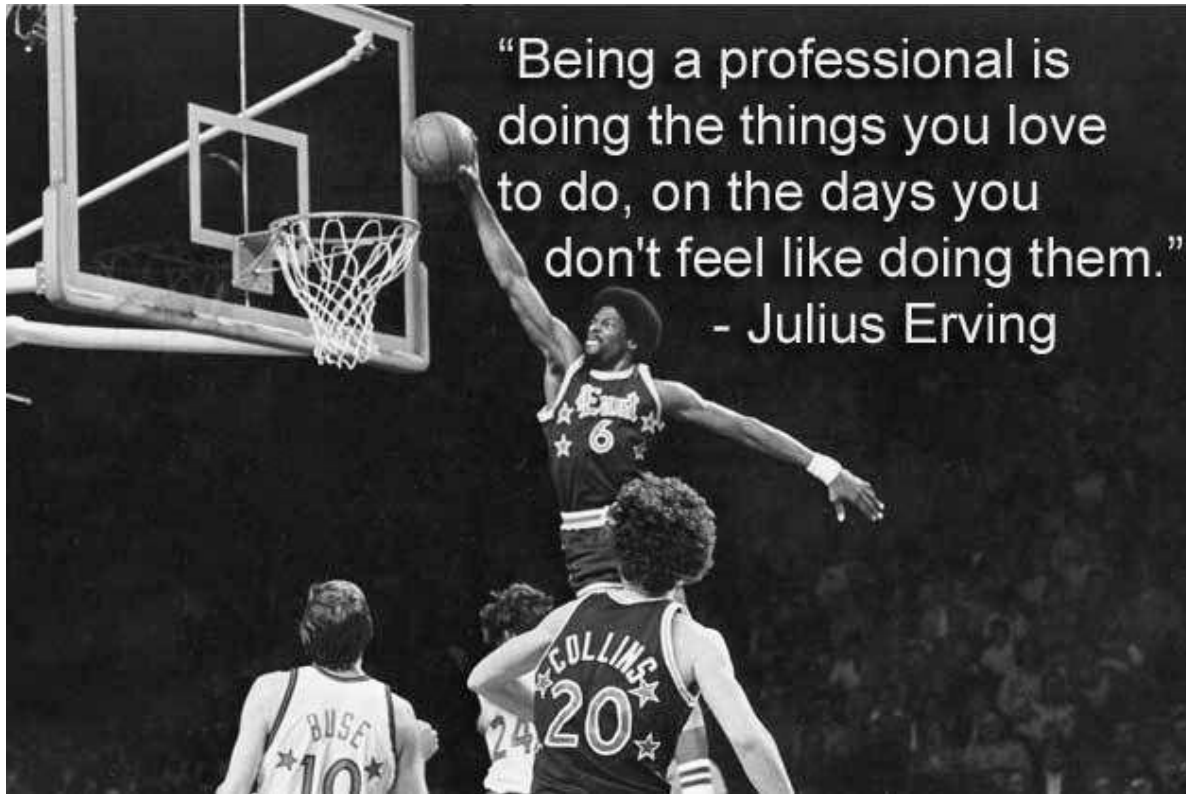
Doing the algebra for getting the ratio of Q_p/Q_s

$$\frac{Q_p}{Q_s} = \frac{C_{ao}O_2 - C_{mv}O_2}{C_{pv}O_2 - C_{pa}O_2} = \frac{Sat_{ao} - Sat_{svc}}{Sat_{pv} - Sat_{pa}}$$



Classification of Congenital Heart Disease







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